



Article 10 Transparency Statement

in respect of

Thornburg Limited Term Income Fund (the "Fund")

LEI code: 549300R167DD2M59ZZ22

a sub-fund of

Thornburg Global Investment plc (the "Company")

Waystone Management Company (IE) Limited (the "Manager")

Thornburg Investment Management, Inc. (the "Investment Manager")

1 April 2025

Words and expressions defined in the supplement to the prospectus of Company relating to the Fund shall, unless the context appears otherwise, have the same meaning when used in this disclosure.

(a) Zusammenfassung

Der Fonds unterstützt das umweltbezogene Merkmal des Managements von Kohlendioxidemissionen (das „**umweltbezogene Merkmal**“) und das soziale Merkmal des erleichterten Zugangs zu qualitativ hochwertigen und transparenten Kapitalmärkten, was zu finanzieller Stärkung und bewährten Verfahren bei der Kreditvergabe führt (das „**soziale Merkmal**“). Transparente Kapitalmärkte sind Märkte, bei denen die Teilnehmer uneingeschränkten Einblick in die Preise und andere relevante Informationen haben und diese auch kennen, so dass sie eine fundierte Entscheidung treffen können. Im folgenden Abschnitt über die Nachhaltigkeitsindikatoren wird erläutert, wie der Fonds die Erreichung des sozialen Merkmals verfolgt.

Der Fonds legt mindestens 65 % seines Nettovermögens in (i) Anleihen der US-Regierung, ihrer Behörden und Einrichtungen, (ii) Schuldverschreibungen, die zum Zeitpunkt des Kaufs mit einem der drei höchsten Ratings von Standard & Poor's Corporation (AAA, AA oder A) oder Moody's Investors Services, Inc. (Aaa, Aa oder A) bewertet werden, oder, falls kein Kreditrating verfügbar ist, vom Anlageverwalter als von vergleichbarer Qualität beurteilt werden, und (iii) Bargeld und Geldmarktinstrumente an. Der Fonds kann zudem bis zu 35 % seines Nettovermögens in Schuldverschreibungen anlegen, die von Standard & Poor's mit BBB oder von Moody's mit Baa bewertet werden oder nach Einschätzung des Anlageverwalters von gleichwertiger Qualität sind, wenn der Anlageverwalter der Ansicht ist, dass diese Anlagen mit den Fondszielen übereinstimmen, er legt jedoch nicht in Titeln an, die zum Zeitpunkt des Kaufs mit einem niedrigeren Rating als diesem bewertet werden.

Es ist beabsichtigt, mindestens 40% des Fondsvermögens in einer Weise zu investieren, die das umweltbezogene und soziale Merkmal unterstützt. Anlagen, die nicht das umweltbezogene und soziale Merkmal unterstützen, sind jene, die anderweitig das Anlageziel des Fonds erfüllen, Barmittel oder andere kurzfristige Anlagen für vorübergehende Schutz- oder Liquiditätszwecke.

Der Anlageverwalter nutzt eine Bewertung durch Dritte, die von MSCI erstellt wird, um die Relevanz und die Kapazität der einzelnen Titel zur Unterstützung des umweltbezogenen und sozialen Merkmals zu ermitteln. Der MSCI-Score wird zunächst erfasst und anschließend von internen Mitarbeitenden des Anlageverwalters im Hinblick auf die Anlagepolitik des Fonds bewertet.

Emittenten, die bei einem MSCI Carbon Emission Score Factor („**Carbon Emission Score Factor**“) besser abschneiden als ihre Mitbewerber in der Branche (definiert als Bewertung des Umfangs des Engagements eines Titels und der laufenden Verwaltung der Risiken im Zusammenhang mit der Kohlenstoffintensität der Geschäftstätigkeit und klimabezogenen Risiken), werden als Beitrag zum umweltbezogenen Merkmal eingestuft. Der Carbon Emission Score Factor mit einer Skala von 0 bis 10 bewertet die Aggressivität eines Titels in Bezug auf die Ziele zur Kohlenstoffemissionsreduktion, die Erfolgsbilanz bei der Zielerreichung, die Nutzung sauberer Energiequellen, die Anstrengungen zur Minimierung von Treibhausgasemissionen („**THG**“) und andere Anstrengungen zur Kohlenstoffemissionsreduktion. Staatliche Emittenten, die einen positiven Drei-Jahres-Trend für abnehmende Treibhausgasemissionen im Verhältnis zum Bruttoinlandsprodukt vorweisen können, werden ebenfalls als Beitrag zur Unterstützung des umweltbezogenen Merkmals eingestuft.

Bei nicht-staatlichen und nicht-unternehmerischen Emittenten verwendet der Anlageverwalter eine Pass/Fail-Bewertung („**Pass/Fail-Bewertung**“) (durch Überprüfung der Titelunterlagen), um die Relevanz und das Potenzial jedes Titels zur Unterstützung des sozialen Merkmals zu bestimmen, das wiederum die finanzielle Stärkung bestimmter Personen erleichtert. Alle festverzinslichen Titel (mit Ausnahme von unternehmerischen und staatlichen Emittenten) werden kontinuierlich anhand dieses sozialen Merkmals bewertet, und zwar auf der Grundlage, dass die Titelmittenten nicht weniger als 10 % der US-Hypothekenprogramme HomeReady, HomeReady+ oder HomePossible (zusammen die „**Home-Programme**“) in den verbrieften Pool aufnehmen oder die Möglichkeit zur Finanzierung von Personen bieten, die durch konventionelle Kreditvergabe unterversorgt sind, wie z. B. selbständige Antragsteller. Die Home-Programme sind Programme der US-Behörden, die kreditwürdigen Kreditnehmern mit niedrigem und mittlerem Einkommen dienen, die Finanzierung von Eigenheimen in bestimmten einkommensschwachen, minderheitlichen und von Katastrophen betroffenen Gemeinden unterstützen und Finanzierungen mit einem hohen Beleihungswert für Hauskäufer anbieten, die sich ansonsten möglicherweise nicht für eine Hypothek qualifizieren oder nicht über die Mittel für eine Anzahlung verfügen. Diese Programme bieten niedrige Zinssätze, geringere risikobasierte Preisanpassungen und niedrigere Hypothekenversicherungskosten.

Die Daten Dritter und, falls solche Daten nicht verfügbar sind, interne Bewertungen des ESG-Teams werden zur Überwachung der Portfoliobestände verwendet, um sicherzustellen, dass die angegebene Vermögensallokation der Anlagen beachtet wird. Diese Bewertung wird vom ESG-Team in regelmäßigen Sitzungen überwacht, die dieser Überwachung gelten, die wiederum von den Portfoliomanagern umgesetzt wird. Das ESG-Team stellt den Portfoliomanagern regelmäßig einen Bericht zur Verfügung, in dem wesentliche Änderungen der Bewertung der Beteiligungen, die das umweltbezogene und/oder das soziale Merkmal unterstützen, sowie die Zuteilung und Wertentwicklung einzelner Beteiligungen in Bezug auf das umweltbezogene und/oder soziale Merkmal aufgeführt sind. Darüber hinaus führt der Anlageverwalter eine Due-Diligence-Prüfung des Drittanbieters durch, um zu prüfen, ob die Daten, die bei der Ermittlung der vom Fonds unterstützten umweltbezogenen und sozialen Merkmale verwendet werden, auch weiterhin angemessen und zweckmäßig sind.

Wenn die Daten Dritter geschätzt werden, hat der Anlageverwalter Einsicht in die Methodikunterlagen, um zu verstehen, wie eine Berechnung zustande kommt, hat aber unter Umständen keine Einsicht in firmeneigene geschützte Berechnungen. Entsprechend konzentriert sich der Anlageverwalter bei seiner Due-Diligence-Prüfung auf die Qualität der beschafften Dienstleistungen und unternimmt Anstrengungen, um Unstimmigkeiten zwischen den Daten und seinem eigenen Verständnis der zugrunde liegenden Vermögenswerte, auf die er stoßen könnte, zu beseitigen. Der Anlageverwalter steht zudem in regelmäßigem Dialog mit den Portfoliogesellschaften, um sein Anlage-Research und seine Anlageentscheidungen zu fundieren.

Für die Erreichung des vom Fonds unterstützten umweltbezogenen und sozialen Merkmals wurde keine Referenzbenchmark definiert.

(b) No Sustainable Investment Objective



The Fund promotes environmental or social characteristics but does not have as its objective sustainable investment.

(c) Environmental or Social Characteristics of the Fund

The Fund promotes the environmental characteristic of carbon emissions management (the “**Environmental Characteristic**”) and the social characteristic of favourable access to high quality and transparent capital markets resulting in financial empowerment and lending best practices (the “**Social Characteristic**”). Transparent capital markets are markets where participants have full access to and knowledge of pricing and other relevant information to enable them to make a more informed decision. Please see the section below regarding sustainability indicators on how the Fund will pursue achievement of the Social Characteristic.

Carbon emissions management is defined as investing in companies determined to be well positioned in relation to their peers in their ability to manage existing carbon related risks and seize on carbon reduction related opportunities.

Access to high quality and transparent capital markets provides individuals with the opportunity to access finance which otherwise would not be available through conventional lending facilities.

The Fund does not use a reference benchmark for the attainment of the Environmental or Social Characteristics promoted by the Fund.

(d) Investment Strategy

The Fund invests at least 65% of its net assets in (i) obligations of the U.S. government, its agencies and instrumentalities, (ii) debt obligations rated at the time of purchase in one of the three highest ratings of Standard & Poor’s Corporation (AAA, AA or A) or Moody’s Investors Services, Inc. (Aaa, Aa or A) or if no credit rating is available, judged to be of comparable quality by the Investment Manager, and (iii) cash and Money Market Instruments.

The Fund may also invest up to 35% of its net assets in debt obligations rated BBB by Standard & Poor’s or Baa by Moody’s or of equivalent quality as determined by the Investment Manager when the Investment Manager believes these investments are consistent with the Fund’s objectives but will not invest in any securities rated lower than this at the time of purchase.

The Fund may purchase debt obligations such as corporate debt obligations, treasury and government agency obligations mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, municipal securities (debt securities issued by state and municipal governments), non-US government securities, forwards in securities and bank loans (which meet the definition of Money Market Instruments). The Fund may invest in any of the foregoing debt obligations which have either a fixed or floating rate coupon.

The Fund may invest in other Underlying Funds (including ETFs) but such investments will not exceed 10% of Net Asset Value and any such investments will only be made where the Underlying Fund is itself subject to a limit of 10% maximum investment in other collective investment schemes.

To assess good governance practices, the Investment Manager excludes issuers which violate the principles of the United Nations Global Compact.

The Investment Manager in pursuit of the environmental and social characteristics sought to be promoted by the Fund will apply the following exclusion criteria: -

- The Fund will not invest in companies found to have violated principles of the United Nations Global Compact,

- The Fund will not invest in companies determined to be involved in the production of tobacco products, including nicotine-containing products,
- The Fund will not invest in companies involved in the production of controversial weapons including biological and chemical weapons, landmine weapons systems, cluster munitions weapons systems, and others (together the “**Exclusions**”).

For the avoidance of doubt, the Investment Manager has set a 0% threshold exposure limit to each of the Exclusions. The Exclusions will regularly be reviewed by the Investment Manager’s ESG team.

(e) Proportion of Investments

The Fund intends to invest at least 40% of its assets in a manner that promotes the Environmental Characteristic and the Social Characteristic. Investments which are not promoting the Environmental Characteristic and Social Characteristic will be in investments which otherwise fulfil the investment objective of the Fund, cash or other short-term investments for temporary defensive purposes.

The other investments of the Fund are still subject to the Exclusions set out above, however will not be investments for the purposes of pursuing the environmental and social characteristics of the Fund. Such investments include cash or other investments made for cash flow management and investments made for investment purposes.

The Fund will not seek to make environmentally sustainable investments within the meaning of the EU Taxonomy, accordingly the percentage of EU Taxonomy aligned investments is expected to be 0%.

(f) Monitoring of Environmental or Social Characteristics

Third party data and where such third party data is not available, internal assessments of the ESG team, are utilized to monitor the portfolio holdings and ensure that the stated asset allocation of investments is adhered to. This assessment is supervised by the ESG Team through regular meetings which are dedicated to such monitoring, which in turn is implemented by the portfolio managers. The ESG Team provides the portfolio managers with an ongoing report which notes material changes to the assessment of the holdings which promote the Environmental and/or Social Characteristics, as well as the attribution and performance of individual holdings relative to the promoted Environmental and/or Social Characteristics. The Investment Manager additionally conducts due diligence on the third-party provider to verify the continued adequacy and appropriateness of the data used in the determination of the Environmental and Social Characteristics promoted by the Fund.

(g) Methodologies

The Fund contains different types of fixed income securities, which do not always have direct equivalents to each other or appropriate common factors, such as corporate issuers, sovereign issuers, securitized investments such as residential mortgages, consumer loans, commercial mortgage-backed securities, auto-backed securities, and others.

The Investment Manager utilizes a third-party assessment, generated by MSCI to assist in its determination as to the relevance and ability of each security to promote the Environmental Characteristic. The MSCI score is initially obtained and subsequently assessed in light of the Fund’s investment policy by internal Investment Manager staff.

Corporate issuers scoring better than industry peers on an MSCI carbon emissions score factor (“**Carbon Emission Score Factor**”) (defined as assessing a security’s level of exposure to and the ongoing management of the risks related to the carbon intensity of its operations and climate-related risks) will be determined to be contributing to the Environmental Characteristic. The Carbon Emission

Score Factor, ranging from 0-10, assesses a security's aggressiveness of carbon emissions reduction targets, track record of achieving targets, use of clean energy sources, efforts to capture green house gas ("GHG") emissions, and other efforts to reduce carbon emissions.

Sovereign issuers that demonstrate a positive three-year trendline of decreasing GHG emissions in relation to gross domestic product will also be deemed as contributing to promoting the Environmental Characteristic.

For non-corporate and non-sovereign issuers, the Investment Manager utilizes a pass/fail assessment ("**Pass/Fail Assessment**") (by way of review of security documentation) to determine the relevance and ability of each security to promote the Social Characteristic, which in turn facilitates the financial empowerment of certain individuals. All fixed income securities (aside from corporate and sovereign issuers) will continuously be assessed against this Social Characteristic, based on the inclusion by security issuers of no less than 10% of HomeReady, HomeReady+, or HomePossible programs (collectively, the "**Home Programs**") in the securitized pool, or the provision of the opportunity for financing for individuals that are underserved by conventional lending, such as self employed applicants. The Home Programs are US agency programs that serve creditworthy, low and moderate income borrowers, encourage the financing of homes in designated low-income, minority, and disaster-impacted communities, and offer high loan-to-value ratio financing for homebuyers who may not otherwise qualify for a mortgage or have the resources for a down payment. These programs offer low rates, lower risk based priced adjustments, and reduce mortgage insurance costs.

Alternatively, where the above Pass/Fail Assessment is not appropriate, the Investment Manager separately utilizes a proprietary assessment to determine whether a security promotes lending best practices. A security will be deemed as promoting lending best practices if the underlying security, by way of review of security documentation by the Investment Manager, do not show evidence of predatory lending, the violation of applicable usury laws (i.e. the maximum legal interest rates at which securities can be made), evidence of aggressive collection or foreclosure practices, evidence of severe breaches of laws established by a relevant jurisdiction's regulatory agency, or similar practices determined to undermine high quality capital markets.

Where MSCI data is unavailable or the Investment Manager has reason to believe it to be incorrect or outdated, the Investment Manager may perform direct analysis by reviewing primary security documentation which would corroborate the erroneous or outdated information within the MSCI data set in addition to evidencing an issuer's compliance with the Investment Manager's parameters (i.e., Carbon Emission Score Factor, three-year trendline of decreasing GHG, pass/fail assessment etc.) in pursuit of the promoted Environmental Characteristic. The Investment Manager may engage in enhanced due diligence to assess the ability of a security to contribute to the promotion of the Environmental Characteristic and the Social Characteristic where necessary.

(h) Data Sources and Processing

The Investment Manager utilizes a third party assessment, generated by MSCI to assist in its determination as to the relevance and ability of each security to promote proactive climate change management and adaptation. The MSCI score is initially obtained and subsequently assessed in light of the Fund's investment policy by internal Investment Manager staff.

The Investment Manager endeavours to utilize third party data as its primary source of data to ascertain the contribution of individual securities to the promoted Environmental and/or Social Characteristic. Primary research may be necessary to make determinations in cases where securities are not covered by the third-party provider or fall into various categories described below in the '*Limitations to Methodologies and Data*' section. All information is sourced from publicly available company disclosures, or where not available, third party or industry estimates.

(i) Limitations to Methodologies and Data



The Investment Manager recognizes that ESG data has inherent limitations that require significant attention to ensure its use in support of the promoted criteria and that while best efforts will be made to procure or make determinations in the spirit of the described characteristics the Investment Manager has limited ability to influence the quality or timeliness of company disclosures that underpin the data. As ESG data relies on publicly available information or industry estimates it generally contains a reporting lag that may lead to the company's disclosed data to be materially different from current conditions. Additionally, ESG data is reliant on the issuer's and subsequently third party's own limitations and methodologies, which don't always align across sectors, geographies, and time periods. ESG data may contain judgement by the issuer in how it represents its ESG characteristics, by the third party in how it collects and standardizes this disclosure, or by the Investment Manager in how it interprets alignment of the data it procures with the stated characteristics.

(j) Due Diligence

The Investment Manager has limited ability to conduct extensive due diligence on specific data details of individual securities across the whole Fund. In cases where the third-party data is estimated, the Investment Manager will have access to the methodology documents to understand how a calculation is determined but may not have access to proprietary calculations. As such, the Investment Manager will focus its due diligence on the quality of the services procured and will make efforts to reconcile inconsistencies between the data and its own understanding of the underlying assets that it may encounter.

(k) Engagement Policies

The Investment Manager engages in regular dialogue with portfolio companies for the purposes of informing its investment research and investment decisions. Engagement spans a variety of methods, including 1:1 meetings, attendance of conference presentations, calls with management, proxy voting, email communications, and others. These discussions take place in support of the Investment Manager's fiduciary obligation to oversee the clients' investments in portfolio companies and focus on financially material topics.

(l) Designated Reference Benchmark

A reference benchmark has not been designated for the purpose of attaining the Environmental and Social Characteristics promoted by the Fund.

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